

District Good Governance Index Jammu & Kashmir



District Good Governance Index (DGGI)

A uniform tool across Districts of J&K to assess the

Status of Governance and impact of various interventions taken up by

Central and UT Governments

Objectives of DGGI

- Compare the State of Governance in the Districts based on collated quantitative data
- Enable District Administrations to formulate and implement suitable strategies for improving governance



Indicator Selection Principles

Should not include more than 2 Citizen's aspiration from Citizen- Easy to Governments in terms of actual to 3 data-points as Numerator / understand & centric result services delivered Denominator Calculate driven Simple & Output & Measurable Outcome **Controlled Applicability** by District Across Admin **Districts** • District • Suitable to all Effecting the performance / Dataset covering all Districts and Admin's direct Districts status change to be under the not favouring one or a set of role purview of District Districts Administration

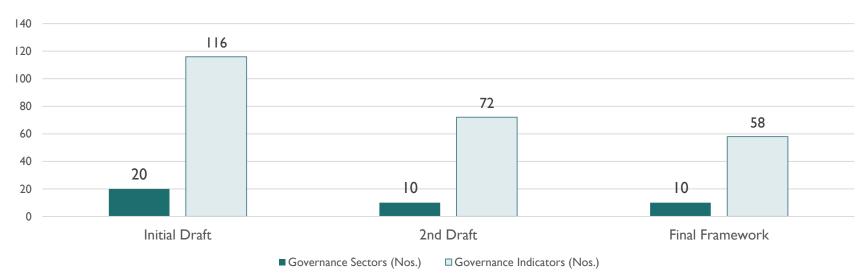


Stakeholders Consultations

Seven rounds of extensive consultations with the Secretary, DARPG, Govt. of India and DG J&K IMPARD and senior colleagues of the institute Inputs of the Chief Secretary to Government of J&K for indicator finalisation and implementation strategy of DGGI DG and Senior Officials of DES, Govt. of J&K contributed significantly Deputy Commissioners (DCs) of Districts consulted particularly for sectors and indicators finalisation Secretaries & HoDs of line Departments, Governance Experts, Sr. Officers involved in governance / administrative reforms, etc., consulted



Progression of DGGI



- Listing out already available datasets/points with DES, J&K
- Consultations with stakeholders to convert data-points into indicators
- Using 2-3 data-points to formulate the indicators

- Focus on output & outcomeoriented indicators for DGGI framework
- Consent of stakeholders for finalisation



DGGI Sectors and Indicators

#	Governance Sectors	No .of Indicators	#	Governance Sectors	No. of Indicators
1.	Agriculture & Allied Sector	11	6.	Social Welfare & Development	6
2.	Commerce & Industry	5	7.	Financial Inclusion	3
3.	Human Resource Development	9	8.	Judicial & Public Safety	4
4.	Public Health	9	9.	Environment	2
5.	Public Infrastructure & Utilities	6	10.	Citizen Centric Governance	3
				Total	58



Assigning Weights

Indicators – Differential Weights

Priority (higher weight) is assigned to UT & National Priorities (including SDGs)

- Sectors Equal Weights
 - All Sectors are of equal importance for District Administration
 - Heterogeneous Regions / Districts and Distinct Historical Background

Sectors have equal weights: Indicators have different weights



Methodology

Step I

• Compilation of Necessary Data/Information

Step II

• Normalisation of Indicator Values

Step III

Assigning Weightages

Step IV

• Computation of Scores and Ranking



Compilation of Data

Step I

 Compilation of Necessary Data/Information

Step II

• Normalisation of Indicator Values

Step III

Assigning Weightages

Step IV

• Computation of Scores and Ranking

Fixing of base year and reference year

- Base year as 2018-19
- Reference year as 2020-21

Sharing of data collection templates

Division wise data-set received

- For growth-based indicators, CAGR is calculated for reference year over base year
- For absolute-based indicators like sex ratio, gender parity index, etc. the data for reference year is used
- All data validated by the DCs and DES, Govt. of J&K



Normalisation of Indicators

Step I

 Compilation of Necessary Data/Information

Step II

•Normalisation of Indicator Values

Step III

Assigning Weightages

Step IV

 Computation of Scores and Ranking

Dimensional Index Method

Dimensional Score for Positive Indicators:

Score = (Indicator Value – Minimum Value) / (Maximum Value – Minimum Value)

Dimensional Score for Negative Indicators:

Score = (Maximum Value – Indicator Value) / (Maximum Value – Minimum Value)

Where:

Positive Indicator = for which Higher Value is better

Negative Indicator = for which Lower Value is better

Indicator Value = Available through Secondary Sources

Maximum Value = Highest Indicator Value among the Districts

Minimum Value = Lowest Indicator Value among the Districts



Assigning Weightages

Step I

 Compilation of Necessary Data/Information

Step II

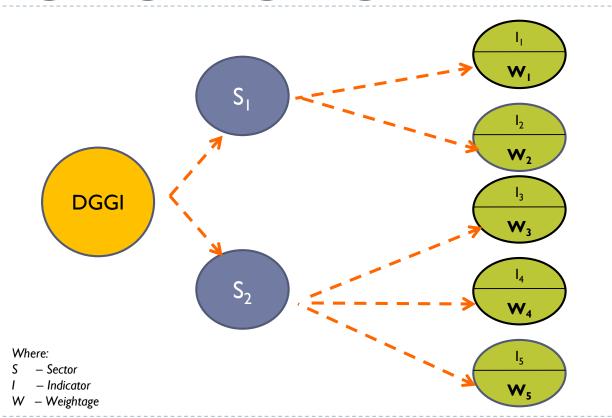
• Normalisation of Indicator Values

Step III

Assigning Weightages

Step IV

• Computation of Scores and Ranking





Computation of Score

Step I

• Compilation of Necessary Data/Information

Step II

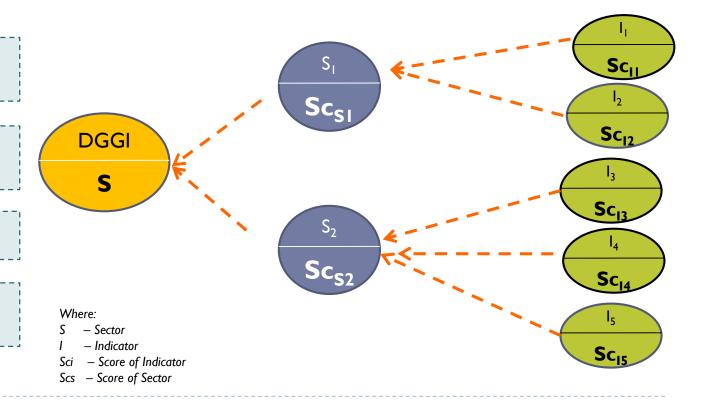
• Normalisation of Indicator Values

Step III

Assigning Weightages

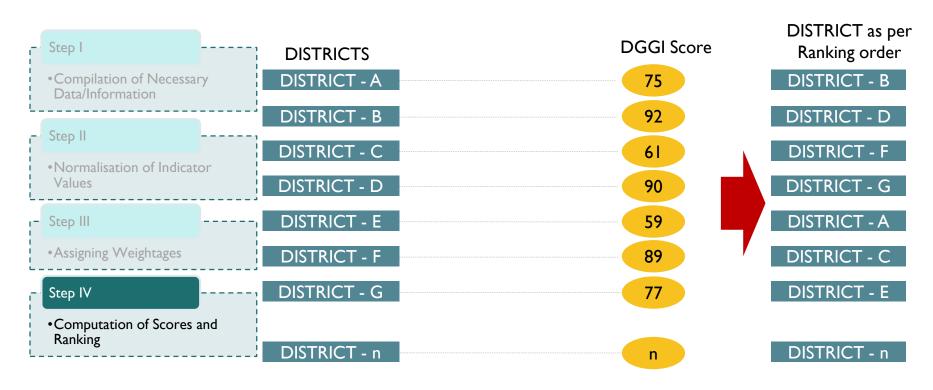
Step IV

•Computation of Scores and Ranking





Ranking





Way Forward

- DGGI of J&K is the Ist of its kind measuring District-level performance
- Supports in assessing gaps in infrastructure, service delivery and processes
- Identifies strong and weak areas for immediate improvements and measures progress on periodic basis
- Tool for data and evidence-based planning
- ▶ Lead to designing and developing real-time monitoring mechanism aka dashboard
- Robust mechanism for latest data collation at District and UT-level

Thank You